

Ecosystem Resilience Managing our fisheries for a sustainable future

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Resilience of marine ecosystems

- The capacity of a system to absorb or withstand perturbations and other stressors such that the system remains within the same regime, essentially maintaining its structure and functions;
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Resilience

Changing thresholds

Thresm

Resilience at risk in Europe





If record high ocean temps continue ...



The importance of biodiversity

- In Ecopath with Ecosim, it can be translated into:
 - System Omnivory Index
 - Ascendency
 - Shannon diversity index
 - o Keystoness

Ecological Monographs, 85(1), 2015, pp. 29-47 © 2015 by the Ecological Society of America

> Keystone species: toward an operational concept for marine biodiversity conservation

> > AUDREY VALLS, 1.5 MARTA COLL, 2.3.4 AND VILLY CHRISTENSEN¹

Climate-driven changes in functional biogeography of Arctic marine fish communities

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Can we use ecosystem models to address the overall resilience of our MareFrame systems?



Can we use ecosystem models to address the overall resilience of our MareFrame systems?

EcoBase provides a series of open-access models:

- Iceland (Samb 1999)
- West Coast of Scotland (Morissette and Pitcher 2005)
- North Sea (Mackinson and Daskalov 2008)
- Barents Sea (Blanchard et al. 2002)
- Baltic Sea (Tomczak et al. 2012)
- Black Sea (Akoglu et al. 2014)
- Mediterranean (Tecchio et al. 2013)
- Bay of Biscay (Lasalle et al. 2012)



Can we use ecosystem models to address the overall resilience of our MareFrame systems?

- Maintain biodiversity and sustainable stocks while preserving ecosystems' structure and functions for the next generations.
- What are the main 3 species fished and what is their keystoness?
 - Very important species compared to the rest
 - Less important species compared to the rest





How do we reach that sustainable use of our marine resources?

- And how can we manage less resilient systems?
- We can still maintain healthier fisheries in more resilient systems, where complexity is more important



How do we reach that sustainable use of our marine resources?



• They are also the countries that don't catch too much keystone species



MAJOR THREATS on marine ecosystems Conservation targets

Different threats affect different species within our ecosystems

- Fishing & overfishing
- Climate change
- Marine traffic
 - Getting more and more important in the North
- Pollution
- Military
 - Sonar, explosions...
- Human constructions
 - Drilling, pilling, windmills, ports...
- Oil & Gas

These effects are CUMULATIVE

TARGET UMBRELLA & KEY SPECIES





What about our own resilience to this? The future of our ressources? Integrated approach = COLLABORATION



Fisherman

© Uderzo

Ecosystem-based fisheries management involves a certain level of **resilience** at the ecosystem level, but should also be linked to the **socio-economic** systems that depend on these marine resources.

EDUCATION

COLLABORATION Across borders



SCIENCE by itself will not solve everything



	Tout compte fait, nous ne som- mes guère beaucoup plus avancés. En effet	© Hergé
1	2	3
LEARNING Observe, collect data, analyze, create knowledge	EXPERTISE shaping our knowledge for a specific case	ACTIONS Solutions, politics, economics, education COMMUNICATE!

Be that link between science and "the real world"





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Best ways to be resilient It's about optimism





- How to ensure the resilience of these exploited ecosystems to safeguard a sustainable future for oceans and their users?
- Doom and gloom don't work anymore;
- Share SUCCESS STORIES
- Inspiration
- SOLUTIONS; not problems
- HOPE

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THE ARCTIC UNIVERSITY OF NORWAY

MareFrame

THANK YOU!

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